TITLE 8

ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES¹

CHAPTER
1. INTOXICATING LIQUORS.
2. BEER.

CHAPTER 1

INTOXICATING LIQUORS

SECTION

8-101. Prohibited generally. Except as authorized by applicable laws² and/or ordinances, it shall be unlawful for any person to manufacture, receive, possess, store, transport, sell, furnish, or solicit orders for any intoxicating liquor within the City of Charleston. "Intoxicating liquor" shall be defined to include whiskey, wine, "home brew," "moonshine," and all other intoxicating, spirituous, vinous or malt liquors and beers which contain more than five percent (5%) of alcohol by weight.  (1978 Code, § 2-101)

¹State law reference
Tennessee Code Annotated, title 57.

²State law reference
CHAPTER 2

BEER

SECTION
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8-201. Beer board established. There is hereby established a beer board to be composed of five (5) members appointed by the city manager. All members of the beer board shall be citizens of the city. They shall be appointed for five (5) year terms except that the first members shall be appointed for staggered terms so that the term of one (1) member shall expire each year thereafter. A chairman and secretary shall be elected annually by the board from among its members. Members of the beer board shall serve without compensation. (1978 Code, § 2-201)

8-202. Meetings of the beer board. All meetings of the beer board shall be open to the public. The board shall hold regular meetings in the city hall at such times as it shall prescribe. When there is business to come before the beer board, a special meeting may be called by the chairman provided he gives a reasonable notice thereof to each member. The board may adjourn a meeting at any time to another time and place. (1978 Code, § 2-202)

1State law reference
For a leading case on a municipality's authority to regulate beer, see the Tennessee Supreme Court decision in Watkins v. Naifeh, 635 S.W.2d 104 (1982).
8-203. Record of beer board proceedings to be kept. The secretary of the board shall make a record of the proceedings of all meetings of the beer board. The record shall be a public record and shall contain at least the following: The date of each meeting; the names of the board members present and absent; the names of the members introducing and seconding motions and resolutions, etc., before the board; a copy of each such motion or resolution presented; the vote of each member thereon; and the provisions of each beer permit issued by the board. (1978 Code, § 2-203)

8-204. Requirements for beer board quorum and action. The attendance of at least a majority of the members of the beer board shall be required to constitute a quorum for the purpose of transacting business. Matters before the board shall be decided by a majority of the members present if a quorum is constituted. Any member present but not voting shall be deemed to have cast a "nay" vote. (1978 Code, § 2-204)

8-205. Powers and duties of the beer board. The beer board shall have the power and it is hereby directed to regulate the selling, storing for sale, distributing for sale, and manufacturing of beer within the City of Charleston in accordance with the provisions of this chapter. (1978 Code, § 2-205)

8-206. "Beer" defined. The term "beer" as used in this chapter shall mean and include all beers, ales, and other malt liquors having an alcoholic content of not more than five percent (5%) by weight. (1978 Code, § 2-206)

8-207. Permit required for engaging in beer business. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, store for sale, distribute for sale, or manufacture beer without first making application to and obtaining a permit from the beer board. The application shall be made on such form as the board shall prescribe and/or furnish, and pursuant to Tennessee Code Annotated, § 57-5-101(b), and shall be accompanied by a non-refundable application fee of two hundred and fifty dollars ($250.00) Said fee shall be in the form of a cashier's check payable to the City of Charleston. Each applicant must be a person of good moral character and he must certify that he has read and is familiar with the provisions of this chapter. (Ord. of Feb. 8, 1994)

8-208. Beer permits shall be restrictive. All beer permits shall be restrictive as to the type of beer business authorized under them. Separate permits shall be required for selling at retail, storing, distributing, and manufacturing. Beer permits for the retail sale of beer may be further restricted by the beer board so as to authorize sales only for off premises consumption. It shall be unlawful for any beer permit holder to engage in any type or phase of the beer business not expressly authorized by his permit. It shall likewise be unlawful for him not to comply with any and all express restrictions or
conditions which may be written into his permit by the beer board. (1978 Code, § 2-208)

8-209. Interference with public health, safety, and morals prohibited. No permit authorizing the sale of beer will be issued when such business would cause congestion of traffic or would interfere with schools, churches, or other places of public gathering, or would otherwise interfere with the public health, safety, and morals. In no event will a permit be issued authorizing the storage, sale or manufacture of beer at places within three hundred (300) feet of the city hall, any school, church, lodge, or other such place of public gathering, measured in a straight line\(^1\) from the nearest point of the building of the intended permittee, to the nearest point of the city hall, any school, church, lodge, or such other place of public gathering. (Ord. of March 8, 1994)

8-210. Issuance of permits to persons convicted of certain crimes prohibited. No beer permit shall be issued to any person who has been convicted for the possession, sale, manufacture, or transportation of intoxicating liquor, or any crime involving moral turpitude within the past ten (10) years. (1978 Code, § 2-211)

8-211. Prohibited conduct or activities by beer permit holders. It shall be unlawful for any beer permit holder to:

1. Employ any person convicted for the possession, sale, manufacture, or transportation of intoxicating liquor, or any crime involving moral turpitude within the past ten (10) years.
2. Employ any minor under eighteen (18) years of age in the sale, storage, distribution, or manufacture of beer. (This provision shall not apply to businesses selling beer for off-premises consumption only.)
3. Make or allow any sale or dispensing of beer between the hours of 12:00 midnight and 6:00 A.M. during any night of the week; at any time on Sunday except as authorized by § 8-213 regarding hours of sale for off-premises consumption only on Sunday; or if licensed for on-premises consumption, to remain open to the public or anyone, whether inside or out, between the hours 3:00 A.M. and 6:00 A.M.
4. Allow any loud, unusual, or obnoxious noises to emanate from his premises.

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\(^1\)State law reference
See Watkins v. Naifeh, 625 S. W. 2d 104 (Tenn. 1982) and other cases cited therein which establish the straight line method of measurement.
(5) Make or allow any sale of beer to a minor under twenty-one (21) years of age.
(6) Allow any minor under twenty-one (21) years of age to loiter in or about his place of business.
(7) Make or allow any sale of beer to any intoxicated person or to any feeble-minded, insane, or otherwise mentally incapacitated person.
(8) Allow drunk or disreputable persons to loiter about his premises.
(9) Serve, sell, or allow the consumption on his premises of any alcoholic beverage with an alcoholic content of more than five percent (5%) by weight.
(10) Allow organized dancing on his premises.
(11) Allow pool or billiard playing in the same room where beer is sold and/or consumed.
(12) Fail to provide and maintain separate sanitary toilet facilities for men and women.

8-212. Revocation of beer permits. The beer board shall have the power to revoke any beer permit issued under the provisions of this chapter when the holder thereof is guilty of making a false statement or misrepresentation in his application or of violating any of the provisions of this chapter. However, no beer permit shall be revoked until a public hearing is held by the board after reasonable notice to all the known parties in interest. Revocation proceedings may be initiated by the police chief or by any member of the board of commissioners. (1978 Code, § 2-213)

8-213. Hours of sale by beer permit holders for off-premises consumption only. The hours of sale of beer by beer permit holders for off-premises consumption, only, is hereby established as:
(1) Every day of the week, except Sunday, from 6:00 a.m. to 12:00 midnight;
(2) On Sunday from 12:00 noon to 12:00 midnight. (Ord. of Aug. 24, 1991, as amended by Ord. #____, Feb. 2005)

8-214. Privilege tax. There is hereby imposed on the business of selling, distributing, storing or manufacturing beer an annual privilege tax of one hundred dollars ($100). Any person, firm, corporation, joint stock company, syndicate or association shall remit the tax on January 1, 1994, and each successive January 1, to the City of Charleston, Tennessee. At the time a new permit is issued to any business subject to this tax, the permit holder shall be required to pay the privilege tax on a prorated basis for each month or portion thereof remaining until the next tax payment date. (Ord. of Feb. 8, 1994)
8-215. **Civil penalty in lieu of suspension.** The beer board may, at the time it imposes a revocation or suspension, offer a permit holder the alternative of paying a civil penalty not to exceed $1,500 for each offense of making or permitting to be made any sales to minors or, a civil penalty not to exceed $1,000 for any other offense. If a civil penalty is offered as an alternative to revocation or suspension, the holder shall have seven (7) days within which to pay the civil penalty before the revocation of suspension shall be imposed. If the civil penalty is paid within that time, the revocation or suspension shall be deemed withdrawn. (Ord. of Feb. 8, 1994)